

Council Report For the Meeting of January 14, 2016

To:	Governance and Priorities Committee	Date:	January 7 2016
10.	Governance and Friondes Committee	Date.	January 7, 2016

From: Chris Coates, City Clerk

Subject: New Council Procedures Bylaw

RECOMMENDATION

That Council give three readings to the Council Procedures Bylaw attached to this report as Appendix B.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Current procedures governing the proceedings of Council and Council committees are established under the City's Council Bylaw. On December 18, 2015, Council approved a number of recommendations resulting from a review of City governance, which included the following changes to the Council Bylaw:

- changing the start time for Council meetings to 6:30 p.m.
- allowing up to six requests to address Council as the first substantive item of business on the Council agenda
- updating the reference to the current version of Robert's Rules of Order
- removal of the requirement that limited electronic participation in a Council meeting to Council members conducting City business or representing the City elsewhere, and
- removal of section 12 and other legislative repetitions in the bylaw.

Those changes have been incorporated into a proposed new Council Procedures Bylaw. The purpose of this report is to obtain Council approval of this proposed bylaw.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to obtain Council approval of a new Council Procedures Bylaw.

BACKGROUND

Section 124(1) of the *Community Charter* states that Councils must, by bylaw, establish the general procedures to be followed by Council and Council committees in conducting their business. At a minimum, the bylaw must do the following:

- establish rules of procedure for Council meetings, including the manner by which resolutions may be passed and the manner by which bylaws may be adopted
- · establish rules of procedure for meetings of Council committees

- provide for the taking of minutes of Council meetings and Council committee meetings, including requiring certification of those minutes
- provide for advance public notice respecting the time, place and date of Council committee meetings and establish the procedures for giving that notice
- identify places that are to be public notice posting places for the purposes of section 94 of the Community Charter [public notice]
- establish the procedure for designating a person under section 130 of the *Community Charter* [designation of member to act in place of the mayor], and
- establish the first regular Council meeting date referred to in section 125 (1) of the *Community Charter [council meetings]* as a day in the first 10 days of November following a general local election.

A bylaw under section 124 must not be amended, or repealed and substituted, unless Council first gives notice in accordance with section 94 of the *Community Charter*, describing the proposed changes in general terms.

Current procedures governing Council and Council Committees are established under the City's Council Bylaw. On December 18, 2015, Council approved a number of recommendations resulting from a review of City governance. The following recommendations require changes to the Council Bylaw:

- that Council approve, on a trial basis, Council meetings beginning at 6:30 p.m., that the first substantive item of business are up to six requests to address Council and that everything else be placed in the usual order
- that the Council Bylaw be amended to remove section 12 and other legislative repetitions in the Bylaw and that staff prepare a companion document to the Bylaw containing the information removed in order to continue to provide quick reference to this information
- that the Bylaw be updated to utilize the current version of Robert's Rules of Order, and
- that the Council Bylaw be amended to remove section 15(2)(b) regarding eligibility to participate electronically only while attending City business elsewhere.

The relevant excerpt from the draft minutes of that meeting is attached as Appendix A.

ISSUES & ANALYSIS

Bylaw Changes

In preparing the bylaw amendments directed by Council, staff identified an opportunity to bring forward a new bylaw, which would allow for a number of other minor changes and an improvement in overall readability and clarity of the bylaw requirements. The proposed new Council Procedures Bylaw attached as Appendix B incorporates the following changes:

- 1. Appointment of Directors to the CRD Board changing to strictly an indicative election process see section 5 of the proposed bylaw.
- 2. Council meetings to start at 6:30 p.m. see section 7(1) of the proposed bylaw.
- 3. Updating the reference to the current version of Robert's Rules of Order see section 10 of the proposed bylaw.
- 4. Minors changes to the order of Business for Council Meetings see section 15(1) of the proposed bylaw. Changes include up to six requests to address Council before any public hearings and the placement of "New business" before "Question Period."

- 5. Requiring time specific extensions after 11:00 p.m. see section 28(2) of the proposed bylaw.
- 6. Establishing the start and end times for Committee of the Whole as 9:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m., respectively see section 40 of the proposed bylaw.
- 7. Establishing the Order of Business for Committee of the Whole as a Committee of Council see section 41 of the proposed bylaw.
- 8. Removal of the requirement that limited electronic participation to Council members conducting City business or representing the City elsewhere.
- 9. Removal of section 12 and other legislative repetitions in the bylaw. In addition to section 12, which related to closed meetings, a number of other sections in the current bylaw repeated provisions from the *Community Charter* on topics including:
 - power and duties of the mayor
 - responsibilities of Council members
 - special Council meetings
 - presiding at meetings
 - quorum
 - voting
 - witnesses at meetings
 - composition of standing and select committees, and
 - notice for bylaw amendments.

Those sections have not been incorporated into the proposed new bylaw. Sections that were not carried forward from the current bylaw are included in Appendix C.

- 10. Updating the date of the Inaugural Council Meeting to the first Thursday in November, in keeping with recent changes to local government election dates.
- 11. Other minor and housekeeping changes to improve readability and clarity of the bylaw. Sections have been reordered to improve readability of the bylaw. Sections outlining the rules of procedure for Council committees have been revised to improve clarity see sections 42 and 47 of the proposed bylaw.

Public Notice

As required under section 94 of the *Community Charter*, public notice of the proposed bylaw changes has been provided via notices published once each week for two consecutive weeks in both the Times Colonist and the Victoria News. Notice was also posted at both public notice posting places at City Hall. No concerns with the proposed changes have been expressed by members of the public.

Next Steps

As directed by Council, a companion document is being prepared, which will be a reader-friendly guide to the conduct of Council and committee meetings. The document will be structured in a question and answer format, and include information both from the proposed Council Procedures Bylaw, as well as other relevant information from the *Community Charter*.

OPTIONS & IMPACTS

2015 – 2018 Strategic Plan

The proposed new bylaw supports Objective 1: Innovate and Lead from the 2015 – 2018 Strategic Plan. One of the 2015-2018 Outcomes under that objective is that "Council's governance structure reflects its strategic objectives."

Impacts to 2015 - 2018 Financial Plan

The new bylaw will have no impacts on the 2015-2018 Financial Plan.

Official Community Plan Consistency Statement

Council governance and procedures are not addressed in the Official Community Plan.

CONCLUSIONS

A new Council Procedures Bylaw has been developed to incorporate direction provided by Council during a December 2015 review of its governance structure. Bylaw amendments were required in order to support several of the changes directed by Council. In preparing those amendments, staff identified an opportunity to bring forward a new bylaw, which would allow for a number of other minor changes and an improvement in overall readability and clarity of the bylaw requirements. To assist with public, staff and Council understanding of Council and committee meeting procedures, a separate reader-friendly companion document is also being prepared.

Respectfully submitted,

(Shannon Craig

Policy Analyst Legislative and Regulatory Services

Jocelvn Jenkvns

Deputy City Manager

Report accepted and recommended by the City Manager:

Date:

Chris Coates City Clerk Legislative and Regulatory Services

List of Attachments

Appendix A – Excerpt from Draft December 18, 2015 Council Minutes Appendix B – Proposed New Council Procedures Bylaw

Appendix C – Sections Removed from the Current Council Bylaw

Appendix A – Excerpt from Draft December 18, 2015 Council Minutes

(Note that relevant direction is identified with yellow highlighting)



MINUTES - VICTORIA CITY COUNCIL

SPECIAL MEETING OF FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2015, AT 10:30 A.M.

REPORTS OF THE COMMITTEE

A. <u>Recommendations from the Special Governance & Priorities Committee Meeting held December</u> <u>10, 2015</u>

Review of City Governance

It was moved by Councillor Alto, seconded by Councillor Lucas, that Council approve:

- 1. The consolidation of Planning and Land Use Committee and Governance and Priorities Committee into a single committee, Committee of the Whole.
- 2. The concept of holding split day and evening sessions of Council twice monthly.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to correspondence management.

That Council authorize a 15 minute speaking limit for applicant presentations to be incorporated into a Policy and Procedures document.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to managing the requests to address Council.

That Council approve, on a trial basis, Council meetings beginning at 6:30 p.m., that the first substantive item of business are up to six requests to address Council and that everything else be placed in the usual order.

Amendment:

It was moved by Councillor Madoff, seconded by Councillor Loveday, that Council amend the motion: That Council approve:

- 1. The consolidation of Planning and Land Use Committee and Governance and Priorities Committee into a single committee, Committee of the Whole.
- 2. The concept of holding split day and evening sessions of Council twice monthly.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to correspondence management.

That Council authorize a 15 minute speaking limit for applicant presentations to be incorporated into a Policy and Procedures document,

That Council authorize a 10 minute speaking limit for the CALUC Chair or designate.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to managing the requests to address Council.

That Council approve, on a trial basis, Council meetings beginning at 6:30 p.m., that the first substantive item of business are up to six requests to address Council and that everything else be placed in the usual order.

Amendment to the amendment:

It was moved by Councillor Young, seconded by Councillor Thornton-Joe that the amendment be amended:

That Council approve:

- 1. The consolidation of Planning and Land Use Committee and Governance and Priorities Committee into a single committee, Committee of the Whole.
- 2. The concept of holding split day and evening sessions of Council twice monthly.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to correspondence management.

That Council authorize a 15 minute speaking limit for applicant presentations to be incorporated into a Policy and Procedures document,

That Council authorize a 10 minute speaking limit for the CALUC Chair or designate, for the purpose of expressing the views of the community association.

That Council direct staff to prepare a Policy and Procedures document for Council's consideration relating to managing the requests to address Council.

That Council approve, on a trial basis, Council meetings beginning at 6:30 p.m., that the first substantive item of business are up to six requests to address Council and that everything else be placed in the usual order.

On the amendment to the amendment: <u>Carried Unanimously</u>

> On the amendment: Carried Unanimously

On the main motion as amended: Carried Unanimously

B. <u>Recommendations from the Special Governance & Priorities Committee Meeting held December</u> <u>14, 2015</u>

Review of City Governance:

Motion:

It was moved by Councillor Madoff, seconded by Councillor Alto,:

 That Council initiate a pilot project to consolidate the Planning & Land Use Committee and the Governance & Priorities Committee into a Committee of the Whole, to meet four times per month, with land matters clearly distinguished on the Agenda.

Motion:

 It was moved by Councillor Alto, seconded by Councillor Madoff, that Council review the project in six months.

Motion:

Motion:

3. It was moved by Councillor Alto, seconded by Councillor Coleman, that Council direct staff to prepare a draft policy for managing issues resulting from the Request to Address Council section.

Carried Unanimously

4. It was moved by Councillor Madoff, seconded by Councillor Lucas, that Council approve that further consideration be given to the broader issue of presentations of land use applications at Committee, and that staff report back to Council with options for inclusion in a Policy/Procedure document.

Carried Unanimously

Motion:

5. It was moved by Councillor Coleman, seconded by Councillor Madoff, that Council approve that staff develop a best practices guide for the post public hearing process.

Amendment:

It was moved by Councillor Young, seconded by Councillor Alto, that the motion be amended:

That Council approve that staff develop a best practices guide for the post public hearing process, to deal with potential changes that can be made to a project without the requirement of a new public hearing.

On the amendment: Carried Unanimously

On the main motion as amended: Carried Unanimously

Motion:

6. It was moved by Councillor Coleman, seconded by Councillor Lucas, that Council approve a three month trial using horseshoe seating for all meetings.

Amendment:

It was moved by Mayor Helps, seconded by Councillor Young, that the motion be amended:

That Council approve a **six** three month trial using horseshoe seating for all meetings.

Councillor Thornton-Joe expressed concerns on how this may impact committee discussion.

For: Councillor Coleman and Lucas

Against: Mayor Helps, Councillors Alto, Loveday, Madoff, Thornton-Joe and Young

On the amendment: Defeated

On the main motion: Carried Unanimously

Motion:

7. It was moved by Councillor Alto, seconded by Councillor Thornton-Joe, that the Council Bylaw be amended to remove section 12 and other legislative repetitions in the Bylaw, and that staff prepare a companion document to the Bylaw containing the information removed in order to continue to provide quick reference to this information and that the Bylaw be updated to utilize the current version of Robert's Rules of Order.

8. <u>Motion:</u>

It was moved by Councillor Coleman, seconded by Councillor Alto, that staff develop a Policy/Procedures document to clarify meeting content and other procedures not addressed in the Council (Procedures) Bylaw. <u>Carried Unanimously</u>

<u>Motion</u>

 It was moved by Councillor Madoff, seconded by Councillor Lucas, that the Council Bylaw be amended to remove Section 15(2)b regarding eligibility to participate electronically only while attending City business elsewhere.

Council discussed possible reasons for not being able to attend a meeting and requested that staff consider these possibilities when proposing the bylaw amendments.

Carried Unanimously

Appendix B – Proposed New Council Procedures Bylaw

NO. 16-011

COUNCIL PROCEDURES BYLAW

A BYLAW OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA

The purpose of this Bylaw is to establish the general procedures to be followed by Council and Council committees in conducting their business.

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49 Repeal

Under its statutory powers, including sections 95 and 122 to 145 of the *Community Charter*, the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in an open meeting assembled, enacts the following provisions:

PART 1 – INTRODUCTION

Title

1 This Bylaw may be cited as the "Council Procedures Bylaw."

Definitions

2 In this Bylaw:

"City"

means the City of Victoria;

"City Hall"

means Victoria City Hall located at #1 Centennial Square, Victoria, British Columbia;

"COTW"

means Committee of the Whole Council;

"Corporate Administrator"

means the corporate officer whose powers, duties, and functions are set out under section 148 of the *Community Charter*,

"Council"

means the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria

"mayor"

means the mayor of the City;

"members of the public"

does not include a member of Council or an officer or employee of the City;

"motion"

includes a resolution;

"Public Notice Posting Places" means

- (a) the public notice board at City Hall, and
- (b) the Council Chamber at City Hall;

"special Council meeting"

means a Council meeting other than a regular Council meeting or an adjourned Council meeting

PART 2 – MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

Mayor is member of Council

3 The mayor is a member of Council for the purposes of this Bylaw.

Acting mayor

- 4 (1) In accordance with section 130 of the *Community Charter*, Council must appoint a member responsible for acting in the place of the mayor when the mayor is
 - (a) absent or otherwise unable to act, or
 - (b) when the office of mayor is vacant.
 - (2) During the absence of the mayor, the member appointed under subsection (1) has the same powers and duties as the mayor in relation to the applicable matter.

- (3) Council must establish a schedule for the appointment of members to fill the office of acting mayor on a rotating basis.
- (4) If the office of the mayor becomes vacant, the members next in succession on the schedule will serve as acting mayor to the Acting Mayor appointed under subsection (1).

Appointments to the Capital Regional District Board of Directors

- 5 (1) Council must appoint the following by resolution as the City's municipal directors on the Board of the Capital Regional District:
 - (a) the mayor;
 - (b) the three persons, elected as councillors at the general local election, who receive the most votes for the position of municipal director.
 - (2) Council must appoint the following by resolution as the City's alternate municipal directors on the Board of the Capital Regional District:
 - (a) as first alternate, the person elected as councillor at the general local election who received the fourth most votes for the position of municipal director;
 - (b) as second alternate, the person elected as councillor at the general local election who received the fifth most votes for the position of municipal director;
 - (c) as third alternate, the person elected as councillor at the general local election who received the sixth most votes for the position of municipal director;
 - (d) as fourth alternate, the person elected as councillor at the general local election who received the seventh most votes for the position of municipal director.

PART 3 – COUNCIL MEETINGS

Location of meetings

6 All Council meetings must take place within City Hall except when Council resolves to hold a meeting elsewhere.

Schedule and public notice of meetings

- 7 (1) Regular Council meetings must begin at 6:30 p.m.
 - (2) At least 48 hours before a regular Council meeting, the Corporate Administrator must give advance public notice of the date, time, and place of that meeting by
 - (a) posting the agenda at the public notice board at City Hall,

- (b) delivering copies of the agenda to each of the members of Council, and
- (c) leaving copies of the agenda at a public counter at City Hall for the purpose of making the agenda available to members of the public.
- (3) Council must establish and the Corporate Administrator must make available to the public a schedule of the date, time and place of regular Council meetings.
- (4) The Corporate Administrator must give notice of the availability of the schedule, referred to under subsection (3), at least once a year in accordance with sections 94 and 127 of the *Community Charter*.

Inaugural meeting

8 Following a general local election, the Inaugural Council Meeting must be held on the first Thursday in November.

Electronic participation by members

- 9 (1) For the purposes of this section, electronic participation in a meeting means participation by use of telephone communications or by Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP) that
 - (a) enable the meeting's participants to hear and speak with each other, and
 - (b) enable the public to hear the participation of Council members during that part of the meeting that is open to the public.
 - (2) Up to 2 members of Council may participate electronically in a Council meeting if
 - (a) at least 72 hours before the meeting those members notified the Corporate Administrator of their intended absence, and
 - (b) a majority of the members of Council are physically present at the meeting.
 - (3) If more than 2 members wish to participate electronically in a meeting, the 2 that may do so must be chosen by lot conducted by the Corporate Administrator.
 - (4) There is no limit to the number of times a member may participate electronically.
 - (5) As soon as possible before a meeting at which a member has requested to participate electronically, the Corporate Administrator must send to that member the meeting's agenda package and late agenda items, by way of courier or electronic or facsimile transmission.
 - (6) Only a member who is physically present may preside at a meeting at which there is electronic participation.

- (7) A member is not permitted to participate electronically in a meeting if that member does not join the meeting within 15 minutes of its scheduled starting time.
- (8) The telecommunications and shipping costs arising from a member who is participating electronically are borne by the City.
- (9) A meeting at which there is electronic participation must not include any of the following public hearings:
 - (a) hearings to which section 890 of the *Local Government Act* applies;
 - (b) hearings for heritage conservation matters under Part 27 of the *Local Government Act.*
- (10) Written material at a meeting at which there is electronic participation, if that material is presented to the meeting without being included in either the agenda package or late agenda items sent to the members participating electronically, must be audibly read into the record.
- (11) A member, who is participating electronically in the voting on a matter, must vote by audibly stating "aye" or "nay".
- (12) If there is an interruption in the communications' link to a member who is participating electronically, the other Council members may
 - (a) decide on a short recess until it is determined whether or not the link can be re-established, or
 - (b) continue the meeting and treat the interruption in the same manner as if a member who is physically present leaves the meeting room.

Application of rules of procedure

- 10 In cases not provided for under this Bylaw, Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised, 11th edition, 2011, apply to the proceedings of Council to the extent that those Rules are
 - (a) applicable in the circumstances, and
 - (b) not inconsistent with provisions of this Bylaw or the Community Charter.

Minutes of meetings

- 11 Minutes of the proceedings of Council must be
 - (a) legibly recorded,
 - (b) certified as correct by the Corporate Administrator, and
 - (c) signed by the mayor or other member presiding at the meeting or at the next meeting at which the minutes are adopted.

Calling meeting to order

- 12 (1) The mayor must call the members of Council to order for a Council meeting as soon after the scheduled time for the meeting as a quorum of Council is present.
 - (2) If a quorum of Council is present but the mayor and acting mayor do not attend within 15 minutes of the scheduled time for a Council meeting
 - (a) the Corporate Administrator must call to order the members present, and
 - (b) the members present must choose a member to preside at the meeting.

Adjourning meeting where no quorum

- 13 If there is no quorum of Council present within 15 minutes of the scheduled time for a Council meeting, the Corporate Administrator must
 - (a) record the names of the members present,
 - (b) record the names of the members absent, and
 - (c) adjourn the meeting until the next scheduled Council meeting.

Voting at meetings

- 14 The following procedures apply to voting at Council meetings:
 - (a) when debate on a matter is closed the presiding member must put the matter to a vote of Council members;
 - (b) when the Council is ready to vote, the presiding member must put the matter to a vote by stating
 - (i) "those in favour raise your hands", and then
 - (ii) "those opposed raise your hands";
 - (c) when the presiding member is putting the matter to a vote under paragraphs (a) and (b) a member must not
 - (i) cross or leave the room,
 - (ii) make a noise or other disturbance, or
 - (iii) interrupt the voting procedure under paragraph (b) unless the interrupting member is raising a point of order;
 - (d) after the presiding member finally puts the question to a vote under paragraph (b), a member must not speak to the question or make a motion concerning it;
 - (e) the presiding member's decision about whether a question has been finally put is conclusive;

(f) the presiding member must declare the result of the voting by stating that the question is decided in either the affirmative or the negative.

Order of proceedings and business

- 15 (1) The agenda for all regular Council meetings contains the following matters in the order in which they are listed below:
 - (a) Approval of agenda;
 - (b) Reading of minutes;
 - (c) Requests to address Council (maximum 6 requests);
 - (d) Proclamations;
 - (e) Public and statutory hearings (including third reading or adoption of bylaws and approval of permits where applicable after each hearing);
 - (f) Requests to address Council;
 - (g) Unfinished business;
 - (h) Reports of committees;
 - (i) Notice of Motions;
 - (j) Bylaws;
 - (k) Correspondence;
 - (I) New Business;
 - (m) Question Period;
 - (n) Closed meeting, if required;
 - (o) Adjournment.
 - (2) Particular business at a regular Council meeting must in all cases be taken up in the order in which it is listed on the agenda unless otherwise resolved by Council.
 - (3) Council may proceed with a particular item of business at a regular Council meeting in the absence of the Council member in whose name the item is listed on the agenda only if that member has given written permission for another Council member to proceed with that business.
 - (4) Prior to each Council meeting the Corporate Administrator must prepare an agenda setting out all the items for consideration at that meeting, noting in short form a summary for each item on the agenda.

- (5) The deadline for submissions by the public to the Corporate Administrator of items for inclusion on a Council meeting agenda is 11:00AM on the day before the meeting.
- (6) Council must not consider any matters not listed on the agenda unless introduction of the late item is approved by Council at the time allocated on the agenda for such matters.
- (7) If the Council makes a resolution under subsection (6), information pertaining to late items must be distributed to the members.

Visitors and delegations

- 16 (1) Council may, by resolution, allow an individual or a delegation to address Council on a matter provided a written application on the prescribed form has been received by the Corporate Administrator by 11:00AM on the day before the meeting.
 - (2) Each address under subsection (1) must be limited to 5 minutes unless a longer period is agreed to by unanimous vote of those members present.
 - (3) Where written application has not been received by the Corporate Administrator as prescribed in subsection (1), an individual or delegation may address the meeting if approved by the unanimous vote of the members present.
 - (4) Each address under subsection (3) must be limited to 2 minutes unless a longer period is agreed to by unanimous vote of those members present.
 - (5) Council must not take any action on an address under subsection (1) or subsection (3) at the meeting at which the address is made unless the proposed action is approved by unanimous vote of those members present.
 - (6) Council must not permit a delegation to address a meeting of the Council regarding
 - (a) a bylaw or a permit in respect of which a public hearing has been held, where the public hearing is required under an enactment as a prerequisite to the adoption of the bylaw or the passing of a resolution authorizing the permit, or
 - (b) the promotion of commercial goods or services.
 - (7) A person other than Council members and officers and employees of the City is allowed to approach the podium and address the Council during a meeting of the Council only if that person has the presiding member's permission.

Points of order

17 (1) In accordance with section 132 of the *Community Charter*, the presiding member at a Council meeting must preserve order and, subject to an appeal to other Council members present, decide points of order that may arise.

- (2) Without limiting the presiding member's duty under subsection (1), the presiding member must apply the correct procedure to a motion
 - (a) if the motion is contrary to the rules of procedure in this Bylaw, and
 - (b) whether or not another Council member has raised a point of order in connection with the motion.
- (3) When the presiding member is required to decide a point of order
 - (a) the presiding member must cite the applicable rule or authority if requested by another Council member,
 - (b) another member must not question or comment on the rule or authority cited by the presiding member under paragraph (a), and
 - (c) the presiding member may reserve the decision until the next Council meeting.
- (4) If a Council member appeals a decision of the presiding member under subsection (3), the question as to whether the chair is to be sustained must be immediately put by the presiding member and decided without debate.
- (5) In relation to a vote on a motion under subsection (4),
 - (a) the mayor or other presiding member must not vote,
 - (b) the motion passes in the affirmative if the votes are equal, and
 - (c) the mayor or other presiding member must be governed by the result.
- (6) If the mayor or presiding member refuses to put the question under subsection (4),
 - (a) the Council must immediately appoint another member to preside temporarily,
 - (b) that other member must proceed in accordance with subsection (4), and
 - (c) a motion passed under this subsection is as binding as if passed under subsection (4).

Conduct and debate

- 18 (1) A Council member may speak to a question or motion at a Council meeting only if that member first addresses the presiding member.
 - (2) Members must address the presiding member by that person's title of mayor, acting mayor, or councillor.
 - (3) Members must address other non-presiding members by the title councillor.

- (4) If more than one member speaks, the presiding member must call on the member who, in the presiding member's opinion, first spoke.
- (5) Members who are called to order by the presiding member
 - (a) must immediately stop speaking,
 - (b) may explain their position on the point of order, and
 - (c) may appeal to Council for its decision on the point of order in accordance with section 17.
- (6) Members speaking at a Council meeting
 - (a) must use respectful language,
 - (b) must speak only in connection with the matter being debated,
 - (c) may speak about a vote of Council only for the purpose of making a resolution or motion that the vote be rescinded, and
 - (d) must adhere to the rules of procedure established under this Bylaw and to the decisions of the presiding member and Council in connection with the rules and points of order.
- (7) If a member does not adhere to subsection (6)(d), Council, by resolution, may order the member to leave the member's seat, and
 - (a) if the member refuses to leave, the presiding member may cause the member to be removed by police from the member's seat, and
 - (b) if the member apologizes to the Council, Council may, by resolution, allow the member to retake the member's seat.
- (8) A member may require the question being debated at a Council meeting to be read at any time during the debate if that does not interrupt another member who is speaking.
- (9) The following rules apply to limit speech on matters being considered at a Council meeting:
 - (a) a member may speak more than once in connection with the same question only
 - (i) with the permission of Council, or
 - (ii) if the member is explaining a material part of a previous speech without introducing a new matter;
 - (b) a member who has made a substantive motion to the Council may reply to the debate;

- (c) a member who has moved an amendment, the previous question, or an instruction to a committee may not reply to the debate;
- (d) a member may speak to a question, or may speak in reply, for longer than a total time of 15 minutes only with the permission of Council.

Motions generally

- 19 (1) A member of Council must give notice of a motion that is to be introduced at a Council meeting, by depositing a written copy of the motion with the Corporate Administrator at least 24 hours before that meeting.
 - (2) Council may debate and vote on a motion only if it is first made by one Council member and then seconded by another.
 - (3) A motion that deals with a matter that is not on the agenda of the Council meeting at which the motion is introduced may be introduced only by leave of Council.
 - (4) A Council member may make only the following subsidiary motions when the Council is considering a main question:
 - (a) to lay on the table;
 - (b) to move the previous question;
 - (c) to postpone to a certain time;
 - (d) to refer to committee;
 - (e) to amend;
 - (f) to postpone indefinitely.
 - (5) A motion made under subsection (4)(a), (b), (c), or (f) is not amendable or debatable.
 - (6) Council must vote separately on each distinct part of a question that is under consideration at a Council meeting if requested by a Council member.

Motion to commit

20 Until it is decided, a motion made at a Council meeting to refer to committee precludes an amendment of the main question.

Motion for the main question

- 21 (1) In this section, "main question", in relation to a matter, means the motion that first brings the matter before Council.
 - (2) The following rules apply to a motion for the main question, or for the main question as amended, at a Council meeting:

- (a) if a member of Council moves to put the main question, or the main question as amended, to a vote, that motion must be dealt with before any other amendments are made to the motion on the main question;
- (b) if the motion for the main question, or for the main question as amended, is decided in the negative, the Council may again debate the question, or proceed to other business.

Amendments generally

- 22 (1) A Council member may, without notice, move to amend a motion that is being considered at a Council meeting.
 - (2) An amendment may propose removing, substituting for, or adding to the words of an original motion.
 - (3) A proposed amendment must be reproduced in writing by the mover if requested by the presiding member.
 - (4) A proposed amendment must be decided or withdrawn before the motion being considered is put to a vote unless there is a call for the main question.
 - (5) An amendment may be amended once only.
 - (6) An amendment that has been negatived by a vote of Council cannot be proposed again.
 - (7) A Council member may propose an amendment to an adopted amendment.
 - (8) The presiding member must put the main question and its amendments in the following order for the vote of Council:
 - (a) a motion to amend a motion amending the main question;
 - (b) a motion to amend the main question, or an amended motion amending the main question if the vote under paragraph (a) is positive;
 - (c) the main question.

Reconsideration

- 23 (1) A Council member may, at the next Council meeting,
 - (a) move to reconsider a matter on which a vote, other than to postpone indefinitely, has been taken, and
 - (b) move to reconsider an adopted bylaw after an interval of at least 24 hours following its adoption.
 - (2) A Council member who voted affirmatively for a resolution adopted by Council may at any time move to rescind that resolution.

- (3) Council must not discuss the main matter referred to in subsection (1) unless a motion to reconsider that matter is adopted in the affirmative.
- (4) A vote to reconsider must not be reconsidered.
- (5) Council may not reconsider a matter that has
 - (a) had the assent of the electors,
 - (b) already been reconsidered under this section, or
 - (c) been acted on by an officer, employee, or agent of the City.
- (6) On a reconsideration under this section, Council
 - (a) must deal with the matter as soon as convenient, and
 - (b) on that reconsideration, has the same authority it had in its original consideration of the matter, subject to the same conditions that applied to the original consideration.
- (7) If the original decision was the adoption of a bylaw or resolution and that decision is rejected on reconsideration, the bylaw or resolution is of no effect and is deemed to be repealed.
- (8) A bylaw, resolution, or proceeding that is reaffirmed after reconsideration is valid and has the same effect as it had before reconsideration.

Privilege

- 24 (1) In this section, a matter of privilege refers to any of the following motions:
 - (a) fix the time to adjourn;
 - (b) adjourn;
 - (c) recess;
 - (d) raise a question of privilege of Council;
 - (e) raise a question of privilege of a member of Council.
 - (2) A matter of privilege must be immediately considered when it arises at a Council meeting.
 - (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), a matter of privilege listed in subsection (1) has precedence over those matters listed after it.

Appointments to boards and other offices

25 (1) Council may appoint a person to an advisory committee, board or other office only after receiving all nominations for that appointment.

- (2) Council may appoint a person to an office by resolution unless a Council member calls for a vote by ballot.
- (3) The following procedures apply to a vote by ballot:
 - (a) the presiding member and the Corporate Administrator must act as scrutineers;
 - (b) the Corporate Administrator must give to each Council member one ballot that contains the Corporate Administrator's written initials and the names of all of the persons nominated;
 - (c) Council members may vote for a person by marking an "x" opposite that person's name on the ballot;
 - (d) those who receive the highest majority of votes from the Council members then present are appointed to the offices for which the vote is taken;
 - (e) if the number of those receiving a majority of votes by ballot is less than the number of offices to be filled,
 - (i) the person receiving the lowest number of votes is removed from succeeding ballots, and
 - (ii) balloting must continue until the number of persons receiving a majority of votes equals the number of offices to be filled.

Council member's requests for information

- 26 (1) A Council member at any time may request information concerning the City's public business by making the request in writing to the City Manager.
 - (2) The following procedures apply to the obtaining and presenting of information requested under this section:
 - (a) the City Manager must make the best effort possible to obtain the information;
 - (b) after obtaining the information, the City Manager must give the request and the information to the mayor;
 - (c) the mayor or the presiding member must read the request and the information at the next Council meeting, subject to section 90 of the *Community Charter*,
 - (d) during a Council meeting, a Council member must not present an argument, debate, opinion, or fact in connection with the request and information that is read at a Council meeting.

Reports from committees

- 27 (1) Council may take any of the following actions in connection with a recommendation it receives from COTW or a committee:
 - (a) agree or disagree with the recommendation;
 - (b) amend the recommendation;
 - (c) refer the recommendation back to COTW or the committee;
 - (d) postpone its consideration of the recommendation.
 - (2) Council may discuss the proceedings of a standing committee only after the committee has presented to the Council the committee's report relating to those proceedings.

Adjournment

- 28 (1) A Council meeting may continue after 11:00 p.m. only by an affirmative vote of 2/3 of the Council members present.
 - (2) A motion for continuation under subsection (1) must establish a specific time for the adjournment of the Council meeting.
 - (3) A motion to adjourn either a Council meeting or the debate at a Council meeting is always in order if that motion has not been preceded at that meeting by the same motion.
 - (4) Subsection (3) does not apply to either of the following motions:
 - (a) a motion to adjourn to a specific day;
 - (b) a motion that adds an opinion or qualification to a preceding motion to adjourn.
 - (5) When adjourning, Council members must not leave their seats until the presiding member leaves.

PART 4 – BYLAWS

Public notice of proposed bylaws

29 The Corporate Administrator must ensure that written notice of the name and purpose of a proposed bylaw is publicly posted at the Public Notice Posting Places at least 24 hours before the Council meeting at which the bylaw is intended to be introduced.

Copies of proposed bylaws to Council members

30 A proposed bylaw may be introduced at a Council meeting only if section 29 has been satisfied and

- (a) a true copy of it has been delivered to each Council member and the City Manager at least 24 hours before the Council meeting, or
- (b) all Council members unanimously agree to waive paragraph (a).

Form of bylaws

- 31 A bylaw introduced at a Council meeting must
 - (a) be printed,
 - (b) have a distinguishing name,
 - (c) have a distinguishing number,
 - (d) contain an introductory statement of purpose, and
 - (e) be divided into sections.

Bylaws to be considered separately or jointly

- 32 Council must consider a proposed bylaw at a Council meeting either
 - (a) separately when directed by the presiding member or requested by another Council member, or
 - (b) jointly with other proposed bylaws in the sequence determined by the presiding member.

Reading and adopting bylaws

- 33 (1) The presiding member of a Council meeting may
 - (a) have the Corporate Administrator read a synopsis of each proposed bylaw or group of proposed bylaws, and then
 - (b) request a motion that the proposed bylaw or group of bylaws be read.
 - (2) A proposed bylaw may be debated and amended at any time during the first three readings unless prohibited by the *Community Charter*.
 - (3) Subject to subsection (4), each reading of a proposed bylaw must receive the affirmative vote of a majority of members present.
 - (4) In accordance with section 882(2) of the *Local Government Act*, each reading of a proposed bylaw that adopts, amends, or repeals an official community plan must receive an affirmative vote of a majority of all Council members.

Bylaws must be signed

- 34 After a bylaw is adopted,
 - (a) the presiding member of the Council meeting at which it was adopted must sign it, and
 - (b) the Corporate Administrator must
 - (i) sign it,
 - (ii) place the City's corporate seal on it,
 - (iii) have the dates of its readings and adoption placed on it, and
 - (iv) have it immediately placed in the City's vault.

Bylaw register

35 The Corporate Administrator must have copies of all adopted bylaws alphabetically and numerically indexed and available for public inspection during regular business hours in City Hall.

PART 5 - COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Going into Committee of the Whole

- 36 (1) At any time during a Council meeting, Council may by resolution go into COTW.
 - (2) In addition to subsection (1), a meeting, other than a statutory, standing or select committee meeting, to which all members of Council are invited to consider but not to decide on matters of the City's business, is a meeting of COTW.

Rising without reporting

- 37 (1) A motion made at COTW to rise without reporting
 - (a) is always in order and takes precedence over all other motions,
 - (b) may be debated, and
 - (c) may not be addressed more than once by any one member.
 - (2) If a motion to rise without reporting is adopted by COTW, the Council meeting must resume and proceed to the next order of business.

Reports

- 38 (1) COTW may consider reports and bylaws only if
 - (a) they are printed and the members each have a copy, or

- (b) 2/3 of the members present decide without debate that the requirements of paragraph (a) do not apply.
- (2) A motion for COTW to rise and report to Council must be decided without debate.
- (3) The COTW's reports to Council must be presented by the Corporate Administrator for approval by Council prior to giving action to any recommendations from COTW.

Presiding at Committee of the Whole meetings

- 39 (1) The mayor, if present, must preside at COTW meetings.
 - (2) In the absence of the mayor, the acting mayor chosen under section 6(4) must preside.
 - (3) The presiding member has the same powers and duties as the mayor in relation to the applicable matter.

Schedule for Committee of the Whole meetings

- 40 (1) Regular meetings of COTW must
 - (a) begin at 9:00 a.m, and
 - (b) adjourn at 2:00 p.m., unless a motion for continuation is approved by 2/3 of the members present.
 - (2) A motion for continuation under subsection (1)(b) must establish a specific time for the adjournment of the COTW meeting.

Order of proceedings and business at Committee of the Whole meetings

- 41 The order of business at a regular COTW meeting is as follows:
 - (a) Approval of agenda;
 - (b) Consent agenda;
 - (c) Reading of minutes;
 - (d) Unfinished business;
 - (e) Land use matters;
 - (f) Staff reports;
 - (g) Notice of Motions;
 - (h) New Business;
 - (i) Closed meeting, if required;

(j) Adjournment.

Rules of procedure for Committee of the Whole meetings

- 42 (1) The following rules apply to COTW meetings:
 - (a) a motion for adjournment is not allowed during debate of a motion;
 - (b) a member may speak any number of times on the same question;
 - (c) a member must not speak longer than a total of 10 minutes on any one question;
 - (d) votes must be taken by a show of hands if requested by a member;
 - (e) the presiding member must declare the results of voting.
 - (2) The rules governing the proceedings of Council established under the following provisions of this Bylaw also apply to the proceedings of COTW:
 - (a) section 6 [Location of meetings];
 - (b) sections 7(2) to (4) [Schedule and public notice of meetings];
 - (c) section 10 [Application of rules of procedure];
 - (d) section 11 [Minutes of meetings];
 - (e) section 12 [Calling meeting to order];
 - (f) section 13 [Adjourning meeting where no quorum];
 - (g) section 14 [Voting at meetings];
 - (h) section 17 [Points of order];
 - (i) section 18(1) to (8) [Conduct and debate];
 - (j) section 19 [Motions generally];
 - (k) section 21 [Motion for the main question];
 - (I) section 22 [Amendments generally];
 - (m) section 24 [Privilege].

PART 6 – OTHER COMMITTEES

Standing committees

- 43 (1) The mayor or Council may establish a standing committee and appoint members to the standing committee to deal with matters the mayor or Council considers would be better dealt with by a standing committee.
 - (2) All meetings of a standing committee must be at City Hall.
 - (3) At its first meeting after its appointment a standing committee must establish a regular schedule of meetings.
 - (4) The chair of a standing committee may call a meeting of the committee in addition to the schedule of meetings.
 - (5) The chair of a standing committee must cause a notice of the day and time of a meeting called under subsection (4) to be given to all members of the committee at least 12 hours before the time of the meeting.
 - (6) Standing committees must consider, inquire into, report, and make recommendations to Council about all of the following matters:
 - (a) matters that are contained in the terms of reference of the committee;
 - (b) matters that are assigned by Council;
 - (c) matters that are assigned by the mayor.
 - (7) Standing committees must report and make recommendations to Council at all of the following times:
 - (a) in accordance with the schedule of the committee's meetings;
 - (b) on matters that are assigned by Council or the mayor,
 - (i) as required by Council or the mayor, or
 - (ii) at the next Council meeting if Council or the mayor does not specify a time.
 - (8) A majority of all the members of a standing committee must sign all reports that are given by the committee to Council.

Select committees

- 44 (1) Council must appoint a presiding member or chair of the select committee.
 - (2) Select committees must consider, inquire into, report, and make recommendations to Council about the matters referred to the committee by Council.

Advisory committees

(3)

- 45 (1) Council by resolution may appoint an advisory committee
 - (a) to provide advice and recommendations to Council regarding any matter within the committee's terms of reference, and
 - (b) to report to Council or to another committee designated by Council for that purpose.
 - (2) All members of an advisory committee must be members of the public.
 - (3) A chairperson must be appointed by the members of an advisory committee.

Quorum

46 The quorum for a standing, select or advisory committee is a majority of its members.

Rules of procedure for other committee meetings

- 47 (1) The following rules apply to standing, select and advisory committee meetings:
 - (a) a motion for adjournment is not allowed during debate of a motion;
 - (b) a member may speak any number of times on the same question;
 - (c) a member must not speak longer than a total of 10 minutes on any one question;
 - (d) votes must be taken by a show of hands if requested by a member;
 - (e) the presiding member must declare the results of voting.
 - (2) The rules governing the proceedings of Council established under the following provisions of this Bylaw also apply to the proceedings of a standing, select or advisory committee:
 - (a) sections 7(2) to (4) [Schedule and public notice of meetings];
 - (b) section 10 [Application of rules of procedure];
 - (c) section 11 [Minutes of meetings];
 - (d) section 17 [Points of order];
 - (e) section 18(1), (4) to (8) [Conduct and debate];
 - (f) section 19(2) to (6) [Motions generally];

as possible, unless a date and time is established by Council.

- (g) section 21 [Motion for the main question];
- (h) section 22 [Amendments generally];
- (i) section 24 [*Privilege*].

Attendance of non-members

- 48 (1) Council members who are not members of a standing, select or advisory committee may attend meetings of the committee.
 - (2) Council members attending a meeting of a committee, of which they are not a member, may participate in the discussion only with the permission of a majority of the committee members present.
 - (3) Council members attending a meeting of a committee of which they are not a member must not vote on a question.

PART 7 - GENERAL

Repeal

49 Bylaw No. 09-046, the Council Bylaw, is repealed.

READ A FIRST TIME the	day of	2016
READ A SECOND TIME the	day of	2016
READ A THIRD TIME the	day of	2016
ADOPTED on the	day of	2016

CORPORATE ADMINISTRATOR

MAYOR

Appendix C - Sections Removed from the Current Council Bylaw

(Note: Sections with highlighting have been removed because there are new bylaw sections covering those matters or they were redundant. Sections without highlighting were removed because they duplicate information from the *Community Charter*.)

Application of rules of procedure

 (1) The provisions of this Bylaw govern the proceedings of Council, COTW and all standing and select committees of Council, and advisory committees.

Powers and duties of mayor

- 5. (1) The mayor is the head and chief executive officer of the City.
 - (2) In addition to the mayor's powers and duties as a Council member, the mayor has the following responsibilities in accordance with section 116 of the *Community Charter*.
 - (a) to provide leadership to the council, including by recommending bylaws, resolutions and other measures that, in the mayor's opinion, may assist the peace, order and good government of the City;
 - (b) to communicate information to the council;
 - (c) to preside at Council meetings when in attendance;
 - (d) to provide, on behalf of the council, general direction to City officers respecting implementation of municipal policies, programs and other directions of the council;
 - (e) to establish standing committees in accordance with section 141 of the *Community Charter*,
 - (f) to suspend municipal officers and employees in accordance with section 151 of the *Community Charter*;
 - (g) to reflect the will of council and to carry out other duties on behalf of the council;
 - (h) to carry out other duties assigned by or under the *Community Charter* or any other Act.

Responsibilities of Council members

- 7. Every Council member has the following responsibilities:
 - (a) to consider the well-being and interests of the City and its community;
 - (b) to contribute to the development and evaluation of the policies and programs of the City respecting its services and other activities;
 - (c) to participate in Council meetings, committee meetings and meetings of other bodies to which the member is appointed;

- (d) to carry out other duties assigned by the Council;
- (e) to carry out other duties assigned by the Community Charter or any other Act.

Time and location of meetings

9. (2) Regular Council meetings must

(a) be held on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month, and;

(7) If a quorum of council members elected at the general local election has not taken office by the date of the meeting referred to in subsection (6), the first Council meeting must be called by the Corporate Administrator and held as soon as reasonably possible after a quorum has taken office.

Notice of special meetings

- 10. (1) Except where notice of a special meeting is waived by unanimous vote of all Council members under section 127(4) of the Community Charter, a notice of the date, hour, and place of a special Council meeting must be given at least 24 hours before the time of meeting, by
 - (a) posting a copy of the notice in the Council chambers at City Hall;
 - (b) posting the agenda at the Public Notice Posting Places; and
 - (c) leaving one copy of the notice for each Council member at the place to which the member has directed notices to be sent.
 - (2) The mayor or the Corporate Administrator must sign each copy of a notice under subsection (1).

Calling special meetings

- 11. (1) The mayor may call a special Council meeting at his or her discretion.
 - (2) In accordance with section 126 of the Community Charter, two or more Council members may, in writing, request the mayor to call a special Council meeting.
 - (3) Two or more Council members may call a special meeting if
 - (a) within 24 hours after receiving a request under subsection (1), no arrangements are made by the mayor for the special Council meeting to be held within the next 7 days; or
 - (b) both the mayor and the acting mayor are absent or otherwise unable to act.
 - (4) If a special Council meeting is called under subsection (3), the Corporate Administrator or the Council members calling the meeting must sign the notice under section 10.

Attendance of public at meetings

- 12. (1) Subject to section 90 of the *Community Charter*, all Council meetings must be open to the public.
 - (2) Despite subsection (1), the presiding member may order that persons that the presiding member considers to be acting improperly be expelled from a regular or special Council meeting.
 - (3) A part of a Council meeting may be closed to the public if the subject matter being considered relates to one or more of the following:
 - (a) personal information about an identifiable individual who holds or is being considered for a position as an officer, employee or agent of the City or another position appointed by the City;
 - (b) personal information about an identifiable individual who is being considered for a municipal award or honour, or who has offered to provide a gift to the municipality on condition of anonymity;
 - (c) labour relations or employee relations;
 - (d) the security of property of the City;
 - (e) the acquisition, disposition or expropriation of land or improvements, if the Council considers that disclosure might reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the City;
 - (f) law enforcement, if the Council considers that disclosure might reasonably be expected to harm the conduct of an investigation under or enforcement of an Act, regulation or bylaw;
 - (g) litigation or potential litigation affecting the City;
 - (h) an administrative tribunal hearing or potential administrative tribunal hearing affecting the City, other than a hearing to be conducted by the Council or a delegate of Council;
 - (i) the receipt of advice that is subject to solicitor-client privilege, including communications necessary for that purpose;
 - (j) information that is prohibited, or information that if it were presented in a document would be prohibited, from disclosure under section 21 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;
 - (k) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of a City service that are at their preliminary stages and that, in the view of the Council, could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality if they were held in public;
 - (I) discussions with municipal officers and employees respecting municipal objectives, measures and progress reports for the purposes of preparing an annual report under section 98 of the *Community Charter*,

- (m) a matter that, under another enactment, is such that the public may be excluded from the meeting;
- the consideration of whether a Council meeting should be closed under a provision of this subsection or subsection (4);
- (o) the consideration of whether the authority under section 91 of the *Community Charter* should be exercised in relation to a Council meeting.
- (4) A part of a Council meeting must be closed to the public if the subject matter relates to one or more of the following:
 - (a) a request under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act if the Council is designated for the City as the "head of the local public body" for the purposes of that Act in relation to the matter;
 - (b) the consideration of information received and held in confidence relating to negotiations between the City and a Provincial government or the Federal government or both, or between a Provincial government or the federal government or both and a third party;
 - (c) a matter that is being investigated under the Ombudsman Act of which the City has been notified under section 14 of that Act;
 - (d) a matter that, under another enactment, is such that the public must be excluded from the meeting.
- (5) If the only subject matter being considered at a Council meeting is one or more matters referred to in subsection (3) or (4), the applicable subsection applies to the entire meeting.
- (6) Before a meeting or part of a meeting is closed to the public, the Council must state, by resolution passed in a public meeting
 - (a) the fact that the meeting or part of the meeting is to be closed; and
 - (b) the basis under subsection (3) or (4) on which the meeting or part of the meeting is to be closed.
- (7) Council members are expected to keep confidential the nature and details of a matter referred to in subsections (3) and (4), and dealt with in a meeting closed to the public, until Council or committee discusses the information at a meeting that is open to the public or releases the information to the public.
- (8) A council must not vote on the reading or adoption of a bylaw when its meeting is closed to the public.
- (9) This section applies to meetings of COTW, and to select, standing and other committees of Council.
- (10) In accordance with section 93 of the Community Charter, this section applies to meetings of the following:
 - (a) a municipal commission established under section 143 of the Community Charter;

- (b) a parcel tax roll review panel established under section 204 of the Community Charter;
- (c) a board of variance;
- (d) an advisory body established by Council, including an advisory committee;
- (e) a body that under the Community Charter or another Act may exercise the powers of the City or Council;
- (f) a body prescribed by regulation.

Presiding at meetings

- 13. (1) The mayor, if present, must preside at Council meetings.
 - (2) In the absence of the mayor, the acting mayor under section 6 must preside.
 - (3) The presiding member has the same powers and duties as the mayor in relation to the applicable matter.

Quorum of Council

14. The quorum for Council is 5 members unless an order is made to reduce that number under section 129 of the *Community Charter*.

Electronic participation by members

15. (13) This section does not apply to committee meetings.

Council is a continuing body

16. Council is a continuing body and may complete any proceedings started but not completed before a change in its membership.

Minutes of meetings to be maintained and available to public

- 17. (2) Minutes of the proceedings of Council must be open for public inspection at City Hall during its regular office hours.
 - (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to minutes of that part of a Council meeting from which persons were excluded under section 12.
 - (4) The minutes of a meeting or part of a meeting that is closed to the public must record the names of all persons in attendance.

Majority of members present decides matters

18. Council's actions and decisions must be carried out by a majority of its members present at a Council meeting unless otherwise provided by statute.

Voting at meetings

- 21. (1) In accordance with section 123 of the *Community Charter*, a Council member present at a Council meeting at the time of a vote who abstains from voting is considered to have voted affirmatively.
 - (2) If the votes of the Council members present at a Council meeting at the time of a vote are equal for and against a question, the question is defeated and the presiding member must declare this result.
 - (4) The entitlement, to participate and vote, of a member of the Council, COTW, any other committees of Council, and the bodies referred to in section 12(10) is governed by Part 4, Division 6 of the Community Charter, attached to this Bylaw as Appendix 1.

Order of proceedings and business

22. (6) The Corporate Administrator must make the Agenda available to the members of Council and the public on Tuesday afternoon prior to the meeting.

Reconsideration

- 30. (6) In accordance with section 131 of the *Community Charter* at the same Council meeting at which a vote took place or within the 30 days following that meeting, the mayor may require the Council to reconsider and vote again on a matter that was the subject of that vote if that matter
 - (a) has not had the approval or assent of the electors;
 - (b) was not adopted by the Council after receiving the approval or assent of the electors; and
 - (c) has not already been reconsidered under this section.

Witnesses at meetings

- 34. In accordance with section 134 of the *Community Charter*,
 - (a) the Council, under the signature of the Mayor, may summon witnesses for examination on oath matters about the administration of the City;
 - (b) the Council has the same power to enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel them to give evidence as is vested in a court of law in civil cases;
 - (c) a Council member or the Corporate Administrator may administer the oath to or take the solemn affirmation of a witness at a Council meeting; and
 - (d) a witness at a Council meeting may be examined, cross examined, and reexamined according to the rules and practice of the Supreme Court in civil cases.

No bylaw votes in a closed meeting

37. In accordance with section 89(2) of the *Community Charter*, the Council must not vote on the reading or adoption of a bylaw when its meeting is closed to the public.

Reading and adopting bylaws

42. (5) In accordance with section 135 of the *Community Charter*, Council

- (a) may give one, two, or three readings to a proposed bylaw at the same Council meeting;
- (b) must give 3 readings to a proposed bylaw before adopting it; and
- (c) may adopt a proposed bylaw only after an interval of at least one day between the third reading and the adoption of the bylaw
- (6) Despite subsection (5)(c), and in accordance with sections 890(9) and 968(2) of the Local Government Act, Council may adopt or amend a proposed official community plan bylaw, zoning bylaw or heritage designation bylaw at the same meeting at which the bylaw passed third reading.

Notice and attendance for meetings

- 46. (1) Subject to subsection (2), sections 9(3) to (5), 12, and 33 apply to COTW meetings.
 - (2) Section 9(3) does not apply to a COTW meeting that is called, in accordance with section 45, during a Council meeting for which public notice has been given under section 9(3) or 10(1).

Minutes of meetings to be maintained and available to public

- 47. (1) Minutes of the proceedings of COTW must be
 - (a) legibly recorded;
 - (b) signed by the chair or member presiding at the meeting;
 - (c) certified as correct by the Corporate Administrator; and
 - (d) open for public inspection as provided for Council minutes under section 16.
 - (2) In accordance with sections 97(1)(c) and 145 of the Community Charter, subsection (1) applies to meetings of:
 - (a) a municipal commission established under section 143 of the Community Charter,
 - (b) a parcel tax roll review panel established under section 204 of the Community Charter;
 - (c) a board of variance;
 - (d) a committee;

- (e) a body that under the Community Charter or another Act may exercise the powers of the City or Council;
- (f) a body prescribed by regulation.
- (3) The minutes of a meeting or part of a meeting that is closed to the public must record the names of all persons in attendance.

Points of order at meetings

49. The presiding member must preserve order at a COTW meeting and, subject to an appeal to other members present, decide points of order that may arise.

Conduct and debate

50. The following rules apply to committee and COTW meetings:

(a) a motion must be seconded;

Voting at meetings

51. (3) Sections 21(1) and (2) apply to COTW meetings.

Establishing standing committees

- 54. (1) In accordance with section 141(2) of the *Community Charter*, at least 1/2 of the members of a standing committee must be Council members.
 - (2) Subject to subsection (1), persons who are not Council members may be appointed to a standing committee.

Establishing select committees

- 55. (1) Council by resolution may appoint a select committee to inquire into any matter and to report to Council.
 - (2) At least one member of a select committee must be a council member.
 - (3) Subject to subsection (2), persons who are not Council members may be appointed to a select committee.

Notice of committee meetings

61. (1) Section 9(3) to (5) applies to meetings of committees.

Attendance at meetings (open to the public)

- 62. (2) Section 12 applies to meetings of committees.
 - (3) Section 33 applies to meetings of committees other than an advisory committee.

Minutes of meetings to be maintained and available to public

- 63. (1) Minutes of the proceedings of a committee must be
 - (a) legibly recorded;
 - (b) signed by the chair or member presiding at the meeting;
 - (c) certified as correct by the Corporate Administrator; and
 - (d) open for public inspection as provided for under section 17.
 - (2) The minutes of a meeting or part of a meeting that is closed to the public must record the names of all persons in attendance.

Conduct and debate

65. (2) A motion made at a meeting of a committee must be seconded.

Voting at meetings

66 (2) Sections 21(1), (2), and (4) apply to committee members' voting and participation in relation to meetings of committees.

Notice for amendments to this Bylaw

68. This Bylaw must not be amended, or repealed and substituted, unless the Council first gives notice in accordance with section 94 of the *Community Charter*.